

## ROAD BUILDING IDEA CLOGGED

The City Council Wavering  
About Paving Project on  
South Main Street

### COST OF MATERIALS NEW COMPLICATION

Council to Cancel the Insur-  
ance on the City  
Hall

More reasons for favoring agitation against action on the South Main street paving and bridge project were discovered at the regular meeting of the city council last evening and after discussing various old and new phases of the situation for upward of an hour the councilors turned to routine business without achieving anything tangible in the way of results. At the request of Mayor Glysson, City Atty. Wishart reviewed past negotiations with the street railway company in the matter of paving ditches and finally gave it as his opinion that sometime, sooner or later, the city should decide to go ahead with the paving, would be remunerated by the traction people or their successors.

There seemed to be an unrecurrent sentiment in favor of relieving the year-old suspense by doing business right off the bat, the traction company with its franchise violations and Montpelier with its lawsuit troubles to the contrary notwithstanding. But this sentiment was not expressed in the views of Aldermen Reynolds and Lorange, each of whom favored a policy of retrenchment in these times of high prices, albeit the former was for building a bridge and expending money on gravel for the street. Mayor Glysson thought the council could purchase rails for \$3,000. Aldermen Healy and Milne came out flat-footedly for action without delay. Mr. Healy struck a high note, but a true one, it seemed, when he said that enough of the council's time, at 30 cents per hour, had been expended to make a first payment on the work. Chairman Bruce of the street committee concurred with the mayor in the belief that bids should be advertised for in order to find out whether Alderman Lorange's contention that the price of material and labor will exceed the appropriation voted by the citizens many months ago.

Before adjourning, the council ratified the action of the voters in city meeting Friday by adopting the report and resolution presented by the property committee, in which it was decided to cancel insurance on the city building and create from the premiums a private insuring fund. Something was said about a mistake in shoveling on the citizens' question which should have been settled by the council and Alderman Healy, who maintained that much misunderstanding had grown out of the city building insurance, stated that many people did not know what they were voting for at the city meeting. The acceptance of the resolution did not meet with any opposition.

Something like 25,000 square yards of road oil, described as No. 6, are to be scattered over Barre's streets early in June as the result of a visit from a Standard Oil agent. Complaint was made because of the oil spreader's tardy arrival in the city last year and the agent promised to make amends. The material to be sprinkled from the company's own apparatus is 60 per cent asphalt and will cost the city eight and three-fourths cents per square yard. Details were left with the street committee.

Having abandoned for substantial reasons an earlier plan to carry its own compensation insurance, the council has bargained with a local underwriter for protection on city employees and to the end that the provisions of a contract with the insurance company may be carried out the council directed the mayor, the city clerk and the heads of the various departments to confer in the near future. On that occasion the policy will be fully explained and department heads will be advised of their responsibilities.

A request from the Methodist society, filed with the building inspector, for permission to restructure the old church, was referred to the fire committee and permits were granted other parties as follows: H. D. Graves, to erect a garage at 175 Washington street; A. H. Burke, to cover roof at 117 Summer street; Mrs. L. J. Mead, to cover roof and piazza at 11 Howard street; A. A. Lamorey, to erect garage on Sheridan street; J. M. Corakie, to erect garage at 17 Nelson street; Napoleon Cravallaro, to erect a barn on Berlin street. The report of the wiring inspector, covering many minor permits issued in April, was read and accepted. Requests to move buildings were received as follows and referred to the building inspector with power to act: C. G. Allen, garage, F. C. Eaton, garage, A. Cabrana, henhouse, B. Maini, henhouse. The petition of Mrs. Laura E. Cassie for a cement sidewalk and curb on Sheridan street was referred to the street committee. The property committee was authorized to confer with a Rutland man on his request for a reservation of dates for opera singers in October, 1917, and May, 1918.

Overseer William McDonald of the charity department asked for an appropriation of \$1,000 to meet April bills and it was granted on the motion of Alderman Bruce. The overseer's monthly statement, referring to an income of \$1,187.13 and expenditures of \$1,150.13, was accepted.

Warrants were approved for payment as follows: Street department payroll, \$249.79; street, sewer, sidewalk and health accounts; fire department payroll, \$126.04; water department payroll, \$152.56; police department payroll, \$99.91; G. A. Bemis, \$16, janitor; A. L. Noyes, M. Riley, Augustus M. Rossi, \$24, each, as assessors; A. M. Rossi, \$18, as-assisting assessors.

**Rural Efficiency.**  
We are not going to tire our patient readers by naming those who are sick, but with all respect to our sick we will say that those who were sick last week are slightly improved; exceptions, however—McConnellsville (Ohio) Herald.

**Pay Attention to This—**  
We do not advertise for fun. We desire your patronage. We are by record entitled to it. Come and see for yourself. National Life Ins. Co. of Vt. (Mutual). S. S. Ballard, general agent, Rialto building, Montpelier, Vt.

## YOUR BILIOUSNESS

and constipation, headache, drowsiness, coated tongue, bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, quickly disappear if you take Hood's Pills. Many say these pills act better on the liver and bowels than anything else. Do not give, 25c. of druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

## NINE YEARS' SERVICE IN A RURAL CHURCH

Advancement of the Church and Its  
Pastor at Plain-  
field.

Rev. A. W. Hewitt began his 10th year of service in the Methodist Episcopal church at Plainfield last Sunday. His text was taken from the 15th chapter of Acts, the 18th verse, "Known unto God are all His works from the beginning of the world."

The sermon was another of great power to add to the many that his hearers have been privileged to listen to in his long pastorate. The attendance at all the services on Sunday, 140 in the morning, 91 in Sunday school and 79 in the evening service, is evidence of the loyalty and appreciation of the entire community to his work among them.

**Growth of the Church.**  
When Mr. Hewitt came to Plainfield in 1908 there were 127 members, of which number 54 had died or moved away, a loss made good by the reception of 69 into full membership, besides the 11 probationers now on the roll. There have been 58 baptisms.

The last time an average was taken of the Sunday morning congregation, covering a period of several months, it numbered 131. Twice within a month chairs have had to be brought in to seat those who came to prayer meeting on Wednesday evening.

In 1908 the pastoral salary was not only small and inadequate but was paid in a very dilatory way. A new business system has increased the salary by 50 per cent and pays all bills when due. The money is now readily subscribed and easily, in large part automatically collected. In addition to this the people have been able during the pastorate to expend on their own edifice, its grounds and parsonage \$4,446, of which only \$214 now remains to be paid, and this to a fund owned by the church itself.

**The Man.**  
While the church has been steadily growing under Mr. Hewitt's leadership he has studied a great deal, and has been able to write many articles for the leading magazines of the country which have attracted the attention of educators and leaders and Christian workers everywhere. He has twice represented his town in the general assembly and in 1915 was appointed a member of the state board of education.

While he has lectured on various subjects throughout the state and New England, probably the most important work that he has been doing is in his addresses before theological schools and colleges on the subject of "Country Life." Among some of the more important engagements that he has filled during the past year are the following: He lectured at the international Y. M. C. A. conference at Silver Bay; was principal speaker at the country life conference of the New England and middle Atlantic states in New York City; lectured also before Hartford Theological seminary, Berkeley Divinity school at Middletown, Conn., Union Theological seminary in New York City, Drew Theological seminary at Madison, N. J.; spoke three times at Augusta, Me., during the conference of legislators and educators and religious leaders covering the whole state of Maine; was one of the four speakers at the inauguration banquet of President Speare in Boston.

In every instance he has had invitations to return. By special invitation of Bishop Brewster he spoke before the clergymen of the Episcopal diocese of Connecticut and is engaged again for lectures at Silver Bay and at the summer school of Boston university school of theology.

In all his travel and the attention accorded him abroad, he always returns to his church and people the same sweet-spirited pastor that he has always been; he brings to us accounts of his travel and experiences that are interesting and instructive.

The stewards and members of the church, and all citizens are sincerely appreciative of his return to us for another year and we extend to Brother and Sister Hewitt a heart welcome and wish them another prosperous year in Plainfield.—From stewards and members of the Plainfield M. E. church.

## IRISH QUESTION GOES OVER TILL NEXT WEEK

Bonar Law Announces That Before End  
of Week He Will Name Date on  
Which Statement Will  
Be Made.

London, May 2.—Premier Lloyd George's statement as to the government's proposed solution of the Irish problem has been postponed until next week because of unforeseen circumstances. This announcement was made in the House of Commons by Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer.

Replying to a question by Sir James Henry Dalziel, Liberal member for Kirkcaldy Burghs, as to when the premier proposed to make a statement on the government's efforts to effect an Irish settlement, Mr. Bonar Law said:

"I am sorry again to make a claim on the indulgence of the House in this matter. Owing to circumstances which could not be foreseen, it is impossible for him to make a statement, but before the end of the week I will name a date next week, on which the statements will be made."

**TYRONE—2 1/2 in.**  
**an ARROW**  
**form-fit COLLAR**  
2 for 30¢  
CLUETT, PEARSON & CO. INC. MAKERS

## IN LOCAL MARKETS

Butter Shows Rapid Decline  
from Record Price of  
Last Week

POTATOES \$2.25@2.50  
PER BUSHEL

Fresh Eggs Are 32c Per  
Dozen—Butter  
41@42c

Barre, Vt., May 2, 1917.  
Butter shows a rapid decline from the record price of last week, with prices still unsettled. Wholesale quotations, subject to market fluctuation:  
Dressed pork—Easy at 18c.  
Veals, fancy—17 1/2@17 3/4c.  
Fowls, dressed—27@28c.  
Fresh eggs—32c.  
Butter, dairy—41c.  
Butter, creamery—42c.  
Maple sugar—No. 1, 15c.  
Potatoes—\$2.25@2.50.

## RICKER'S MARKET REPORTS

Hogs and Veal Are Lower and Beef Is Firm.  
St. Johnsbury, May 2.—At W. A. Ricker's market hogs and veal are reported lower, with beef firm. Receipts for the week ending April included:  
Poultry—14@16c.  
Lamb—3, 7@8c.  
Lamb—225, 13@14c.  
Cattle—86, 4@8c.  
Calves—630, 5@11c.  
Milch cows—30, \$90@900.

## IN BOSTON MARKETS

Butter Prints 44 1/2@45c—Eggs 36 1/2@41c.  
Boston, May 2.—Jobbing prices:  
Butter—Fancy northern creamery in tubs 43@43 1/2c, boxes 44@44 1/2c, prints 44 1/2@45c, fancy western creamery 42 1/2@43c, good to choice 41 1/2@42c, fair to good 40 1/2@41c, renovated butter 38@38 1/2c, ladies 34@34 1/2c.  
Cheese—New York twins, new fancy 28@28 1/2c, fair to good 26@27c, Young American new 27 1/2@28c.  
Eggs—Nearby henner 40@41c, choice eastern 39@39 1/2c, fresh western henner 39@39 1/2c, prime firsts 37 1/2@38c, firsts 36 1/2@37c, storage packed 37 1/2@38c.

## BEEF STOCK PRICES FIRM.

Smaller Receipts at Brighton Market—  
Heavy Cattle and Hogs Unchanged.

Brighton, Mass., May 1.—Beef stock was very firm, and prices at the Brighton stockyards yesterday were well sustained on last week's basis. Calves were lower and hogs unchanged.

A very firm feeling was shown in heavy beef stock, tops continuing to be quoted at 10@11c, with good cattle at 9@10c, and light cattle at 7 1/2@8 1/2c. Best cows sold at 8@9c, with an occasional fancy cow or heifer a fraction higher. Good cows sold at 8@9c, ordinary cows at 7@8c, and canner cows at 5 1/2@6c.

Bologna bulls were also higher at 5 1/2@6c, with average stock at 7@8c, and fancy beef bulls at 8@9c.

Heavy arrivals of small calves from New York state and other points have again broken the market, small fancy lots not being quotable at over 12 cents, with bunch lots at 10@11c, with fair lots at 8@9c and grassers and drinkers at 7@8c.

Hogs were practically unchanged for both live and dressed, though the bulk of receipts were light stock of heavy shrinkage. Best lots of heavy hogs sold at 15 1/2@16c, with rough lots at 15@15 1/2c.

A few shorn sheep and lambs were in the market yesterday morning and sold readily at 12@13c for lambs and 9@10c for sheep.

Demand for milch cows is fairly good for heavy milkers, the best cows selling at \$75@100 or slightly better. Ordinary stock sold at \$40@60.

Further increase is noted in the local kill of hogs, Boston packers reporting 22,500 killed for the week, against 20,000 for the preceding week and 19,000 for the same week last year. Since Jan. 1, 1917, the total kill by Boston packers has been 307,000 hogs, against 481,500 for the same period in 1916.

## AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yesterday's Scores.

At Boston—Philadelphia-Boston, rain.  
At Chicago—Detroit-Chicago, cold weather.  
At Cleveland—St. Louis-Cleveland, wet grounds.  
At Washington—Washington 3, New York 2.

## Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	9	4	.692
Chicago	10	6	.625
New York	7	6	.538
St. Louis	8	7	.533
Cleveland	8	9	.471
Philadelphia	6	8	.429
Washington	5	9	.357
Detroit	5	9	.357

## NATIONAL LEAGUE

Yesterday's Scores.

At New York—Brooklyn-New York, wet grounds.  
At Cincinnati—Pittsburg-Cincinnati, cold weather.  
At Philadelphia—Boston-Philadelphia, rain.  
At St. Louis—Chicago 9, St. Louis 0.

## Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	8	4	.667
Chicago	10	7	.588
St. Louis	9	7	.563
Boston	5	5	.500
Philadelphia	6	6	.500
Cincinnati	9	10	.474
Pittsburg	7	11	.389
Brooklyn	3	7	.300

## USES CENSUS AS THE BASIS OF CONSCRIPTION

Connecticut Preparing a List of Its Males  
Eligible for Military  
Service.

Hartford, Conn., May 2.—In making ready for the federal call for Connecticut's quota of men for the new armies, the statistics of the recent census of the man power of the state are being drawn on, it was announced yesterday.

The census gave card returns from 491,000 males. These were tabulated and filed at the state library. Those of men eligible for military service are being arranged in age groups from 16 to 45 and over 45, with and without dependents. The aliens are arranged by groups as well as those holding first papers.

The names in the age groups are being classified as to mechanical, industrial or agricultural work. The original filing was by cities and towns. The motor owners and drivers are being divided into eight groups.

As the sorting goes on the sub-divisions of the groups are increased until practically every trade and profession may be classified within the age, and in citizen or alien groups.

The returns of the industrial census are being tabulated as well.

## PETROLEUM OUTPUT OF LIMA- INDIANA FIELD

Nearly 4,000,000 Barrels Produced in  
1916—Increase in Value Over Pre-  
vious Year's Output of  
\$2,000,000.

In 1916 the output of petroleum in the Lima-Indiana field, which includes the areas of oil production in northwestern Ohio and in Indiana, amounted to 3,900,003 barrels, according to statistics just compiled under the supervision of J. D. Northrop of the United States geological survey, department of the interior. This quantity is less by 364,588 barrels, or 9 1/2 per cent, than the output in 1915, and shows a continuance of the steady decline in the production of this field since it attained its maximum output in 1904.

The average price received for this oil at the wells was \$1.57 a barrel, a gain of

# Boys and Girls---and Pigs

THE MONTPELIER SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY  
wants to lend \$5.00 or \$6.00 apiece to

## One Hundred Boys and Girls in Washington County

who will use the money to buy a pig, and who will enter the competition for \$150.00 in prizes offered by the VERMONT STATE BANKERS' ASSOCIATION.

Last year the Vermont State Bankers' Association offered prizes amounting to \$100.00, and 100 Vermont boys and girls raised over 30,000 pounds of pork valued at \$3,100.00. This year the prizes have been increased, and the price of pork is nearly double what it was last year—and is still going up.

President Wilson tells us that our nation is facing a food shortage such as we have never known; he calls on every man and woman, every boy and girl, to help increase food production and thereby aid in reducing this shortage. We want the boys and girls of Washington county to get into the game and do their part to help the president. It is a patriotic duty this year to do everything possible to increase the food supply; we want you to help in this movement, and we want to help you win one of the prizes offered by the Vermont State Bankers' Association.

If you haven't the money to buy a pig and want to enter this contest, all you will have to do is to write this bank, stating the facts, and we will lend you the money and take your note, without security, for the amount necessary to buy the pig.

Barre boys and girls who wish to take advantage of this offer may make arrangements with H. G. Woodruff, room 2, Miles Granite Building. Office open from 4 to 5 o'clock each week-day afternoon except Saturday; also Monday and Saturday evenings.

For further particulars and rules governing this pig-growing contest, write Mr. E. L. Ingalls, State Club Leader, Burlington, Vermont—and DO IT NOW.

## The Montpelier Savings Bank & Trust Company

Montpelier, Vermont

61 cents, or 65 per cent, compared with the average price in 1915. As a consequence the total market value of the output in 1916 exceeded the value of the larger output in 1915 by \$2,003,041, or 49 per cent.

The stimulus to field activity provided by the more favorable market for oil in 1916 resulted in the completion of 965 new wells in the Lima-Indiana field in that year, compared with 453 in 1915. Of the number completed in 1916 a total of 776 yielded oil, 19 yielded gas only, and 170 were barren of either.

In the Lima division 608 exhausted oil wells were abandoned in 1916.

In the Indiana division, which includes all areas of oil production in this state, field activity was distributed over 25 counties, and resulted in the completion of 266 wells, of which 160 produced oil, eight gas only, and 98 were dry. The greater part of the field activity in this division in 1916 was in the southwestern part of the state, only 30 wells having been completed in the eastern or "Trenton" rock area, where drilling is retarded by a scarcity of cheap fuel. In 1916 there were 517 exhausted oil wells in Indiana abandoned.

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You don't have to "shop" among tire dealers to get the exact tire you want,

—nor buy one make of tire for your rear wheels and another make for your front wheels;

—but you can get exactly the tires which will give you the lowest-cost-per-mile of service among the five different types of United States Tires.

And then you can hold one company—the United States Tire Company—responsible for the result,

—which is much simpler than trying to fix the responsibility on two tire companies through two different dealers.

There are five to choose from,

—one for every need of price and use,

—and every one a tire of supreme service and low-mileage-cost.

## United States Tires Are Good Tires

A Tire for Every  
Need of Price and  
Use—  
'Nobby' 'Chain'  
'Royal Cord'  
'Usco' 'Plain'

United States Tubes  
and Tire Accessories  
Have All the Sterling  
Worth and Wear that  
Make United States  
Tires Supreme.